

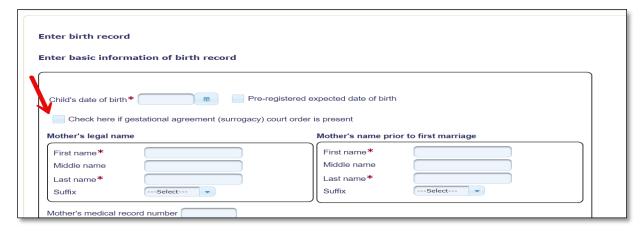
# **Registering Surrogate Birth Records**

### QUICK GUIDE FOR HOSPITAL STAFF

A surrogate carries and gives birth to a baby for another person or couple, who are called the intended parent(s). The parents named on a birth record are generally the person who gives birth and their spouse or a person who has established parentage. However, when a hospital is presented with a certified copy of a prebirth court order that directs the registration of the birth involving a surrogate, the hospital will follow a different process.

## Hospitals receiving a prebirth court order will:

- Verify the order is certified with either a raised seal, wet signature, or electronic certification.
- Follow the court instructions exactly; enter the parent and child names as they are documented in the court order.
- Check the MR&C checkbox to indicate gestational agreement (surrogacy) court order is present.



- Fax the court order to the Office of Vital Records (OVR) at **866-416-1357.** (If it's certified with an embossed seal, lightly shade the seal with a pencil so it's visible when faxed.)
- Enter the court order details into MR&C exactly as written. See example below.



#### REGISTERING SURROGATE BIRTHS

- Collect demographic data from the intended parent(s) using the "Worksheet for creating your child's birth record."
- Mark all medical fields "unknown" (including WIC and smoking).



- Compare what you've entered in MR&C with the court order for accuracy.
- Submit birth record for approval. OVR will review the record and the court order and contact
  the hospital if discrepancies are found. Once it is approved, the record will be assigned a
  state file number.
- Retain the court order in a secure place until the birth record is approved and registered.

# Hospitals receiving a court order that 'stays' the birth record registration will:

- Verify the order is certified with either a raised seal, wet signature, or electronic certification.
- Fax the order to the Office of Vital Records (OVR) at **866-416-1357.** (If it's certified with an embossed seal, lightly shade the seal with a pencil so it's visible when faxed.)
- After the court ordered stay has been lifted and you receive a new court order, verify the order is certified with either a raised seal, wet signature, or electronic certification.
- Check the gestational agreement checkbox, enter the information from the court order, and register the birth in MR&C.

# When no prebirth court order related to registration is presented to the hospital:

- Register the birth by entering the name of the person who gave birth (surrogate) and her spouse or a person who has established parentage as the names of the parents for the birth record.
- The intended parents will obtain a court order and submit it to OVR. OVR will replace the original birth record. Hospitals do not have access to replace records.

### Common issues to avoid

 Mismatched information: The names on the birth record must match the court order exactly.

#### REGISTERING SURROGATE BIRTHS

- **Medical data:** All medical information fields and WIC and cigarette smoking questions on the birth record should be marked "unknown."
- Delays: Promptly fax certified court orders to OVR.
- **Non-certified court orders:** Check for certification and, if necessary, contact the intended parents or their attorney to obtain a certified copy.
- **Seal visibility:** If the court order's seal is embossed (raised letters or design on the paper), lightly shade the seal with a pencil so it's visible after you've faxed it.

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11/04/2025

To obtain this information in a different format, call: 651-201-5970.